

**Report for:**

**PWN Finance**

March 2022

**Version: 1.0**

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## 1. Executive Summary

Extropy was contracted to conduct a code review and vulnerability assessment of the development branch of the PWN project. The review was carried out between 24th and 30th March 2022.

The contracts have no significant issues, minor issues are detailed in section 4.

### 1.1. Assessment Summary

The contracts are well designed and implemented and follow known best practices. Test coverage and documentation is good.

Some minor issues mainly concerning optimisation and edge cases are detailed below.

Static Analysis tools did not find any further issues.

Phase	Description	Critical	High	Medium	Low	Info	Total
1	Initial Audit	0	0	0	2	3	5

## 2. Using This Report

To facilitate the dissemination of the information within this report throughout your organisation, this document has been divided into the following clearly marked and separable sections.

Executive Summary	Management level, strategic overview of the assessment and the risks posed to the business
Technical Summary	An overview of the assessment from a more technical perspective, including a defined scope and any caveats which may apply
Technical Findings	Detailed discussion (including evidence and recommendations) for each individual security issue which was identified
Methodologies	Audit process and tools used

### 2.1. Disclaimer

The audit makes no statements or warranty about utility of the code, safety of the code, suitability of the business model, regulatory regime for the business model, or any other statements about fitness of the contracts to purpose, or their bug free status. The audit documentation is for discussion purposes only

### 2.2. Client Confidentiality

This document contains Client Confidential information and may not be copied without written permission.

### 2.3. Proprietary Information

The content of this document should be considered proprietary information. Extropy gives permission to copy this report for the purposes of disseminating information within your organisation or any regulatory agency.

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Document History			
Issue No.	Issue Date	Issued By	Change Description
1.0	31/03/2022	Laurence Kirk	Released to client

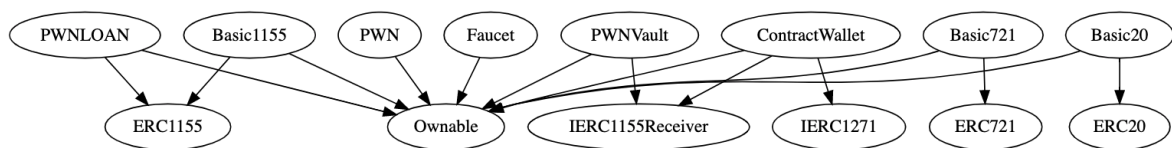
### 3. Technical Summary

#### 3.1. Scope

The code audited is from the [pwn contracts github repo](#) at commit fcd21428ebdfc12c9f90f975e83f124734ffb7cc on the develop branch.

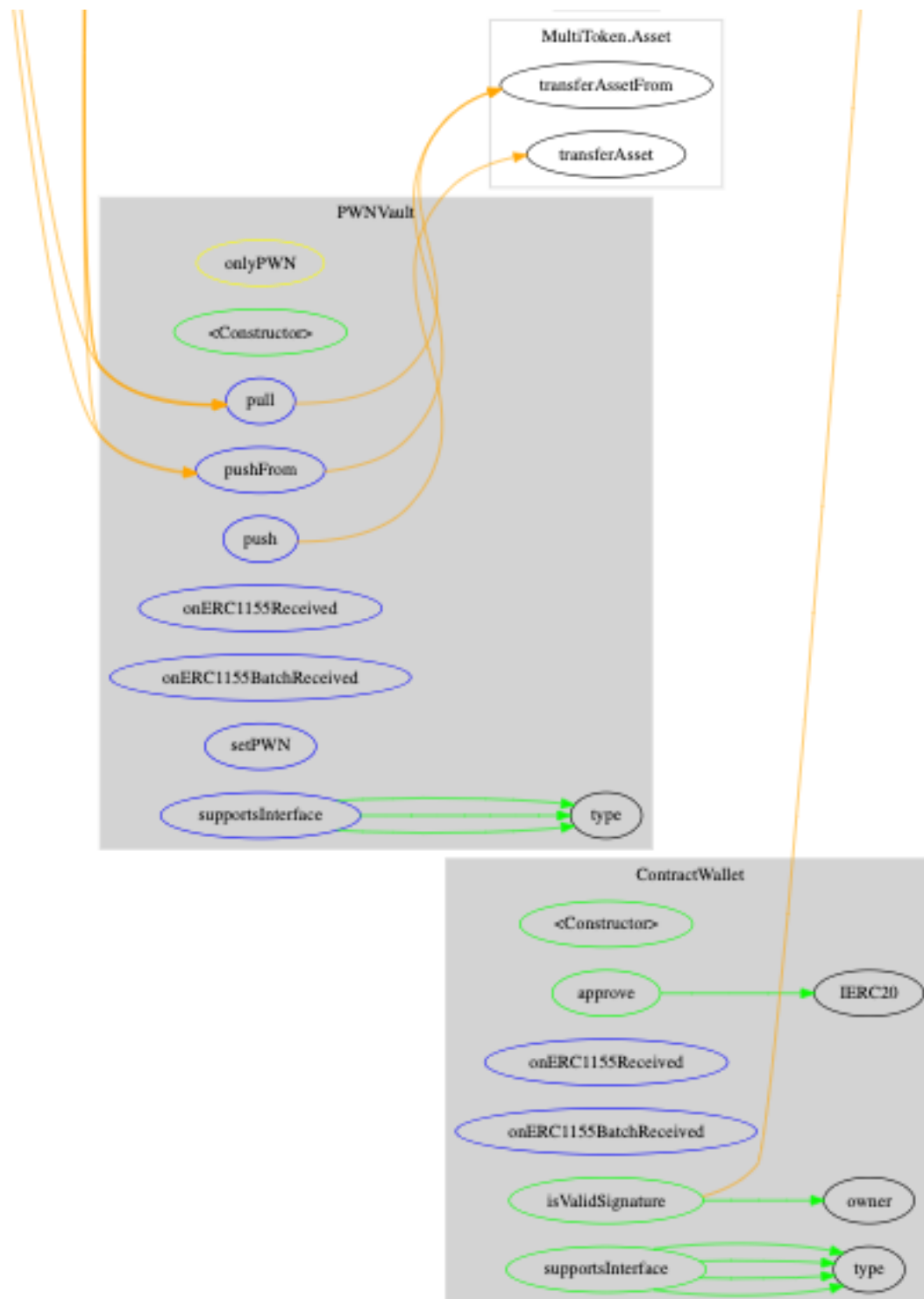
Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score
	contracts/PWNVault.sol	1	————	164	142	52	85	37
	contracts/PWN.sol	1	————	177	167	77	59	46
	contracts/PWNLOAN.sol	1	————	614	583	265	246	133
	contracts/Testing tokens/ContractWallet.sol	1	————	74	49	32	14	29
	contracts/Testing tokens/Faucet.sol	1	————	86	86	79	4	70
	contracts/Testing tokens/Basic1155.sol	1	————	24	24	15	4	14
	contracts/Testing tokens/Basic721.sol	1	————	38	38	22	8	18
	contracts/Testing tokens/Basic20.sol	1	————	24	24	15	4	14
	<b>Totals</b>	<b>8</b>	————	<b>1201</b>	<b>1113</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>361</b>

#### 3.2. Inheritance graph



### 3.3. Call Graph





### 3.4. Test Coverage

100% Statements 328/328 97.62% Branches 41/42 100% Functions 39/39 100% Lines 322/322

File	Statements	Branches	Functions	Lines
PWN.sol	100%	32/32	75% 3/4	100% 6/6
PWNLOAN.sol	100%	74/74	100% 36/36	100% 24/24
PWNVault.sol	100%	14/14	100% 2/2	100% 9/9



## 4. Technical Findings

The remainder of this document is technical in nature and provides additional detail about the items already discussed, for the purposes of remediation and risk assessment.

### 4.1. Create Loan - invalid asset category

Risk Rating	Low
-------------	-----

**Affects : PWN.sol**

#### **Description:**

The asset category for provided collateral is not validated when creating a loan, it would be possible to create a loan with an incorrect category type, leading to unexpected behaviour.

#### **Recommendation :**

Add validation for the asset category

A similar issue applies to the createDeed function on the master branch, where there could be a mismatch between the actual asset specified with its address, and the asset category supplied.

### 4.2. Claim Loan - loan status

Risk Rating	Low
-------------	-----

**Affects : PWN.sol**

#### **Description:**

The loan status is stored at the beginning of the claimLoan function, then changed by calling the LOAN.claim() function; the value that was first stored before calling LOAN.claimed() is then used for some business logic:

```
function claimLoan(uint256 _loanId) external returns (bool) {
    uint8 status = LOAN.getStatus(_loanId);

    LOAN.claim(_loanId, msg.sender);
```

```

    if (status == 3) {
        MultiToken.Asset memory LoanAsset = LOAN.getLoanAsset(_loanId);
        LoanAsset.amount = LOAN.getLoanRepayAmount(_loanId);

        vault.push(LoanAsset, msg.sender);
    } else if (status == 4) {
        vault.push(LOAN.getCollateral(_loanId), msg.sender);
    }
}

```

The claim function in PWNLoan however, resets the loanId to 0 should the loan status number be 3 or higher:

```

function claim(
    uint256 _loanId,
    address _owner
) external onlyPWN {
    require(balanceOf(_owner, _loanId) == 1, "Caller is not the loan owner");
    require(getStatus(_loanId) >= 3, "Loan can't be claimed yet");
}

```

If the status happened to be higher than 4, the transaction would burn the token and never pay the lender back principal or collateral amount.

**Recommendation :**

Add further checks for the status

### 4.3. Optimisation - Error messages

Risk Rating	Informational
-------------	---------------

**Affects : PWNLoan.sol**

**Description:**

Error messages longer than 32 bytes increase deployment costs

**Recommendation :**

Reduce the size of error messages within require statements, if needed, one approach is to give the error message a short code which is explained in the documentation.

### 4.4. Optimisation - Use external functions where possible

Risk Rating	Informational
-------------	---------------

## **Affects : PWNLoan.sol**

### **Description:**

The following functions could be declared as external to reduce gas costs.

- getExpiration
- getDuration
- getBorrower
- getCollateral
- getLoanAsset
- getLoanRepayAmount
- isRevoked

### **Recommendation :**

Set the function visibility to external if internal access is not needed.

#### 4.5. Incomplete documentation

Risk Rating	Informational
-------------	---------------

**Affects : PWNLoan.sol**

**Description:**

There is a TODO in the comments

```
* Construct defining a LOAN which is an acronym for: ... (TODO)
```

also line 460 has the incorrect function name

```
getLoan instead of getLoanRepayAmount
```

**Recommendation :**

Correct the documentation

## 5. Tool List

The following tools were used during the assessment:

Tools Used	Description	Resources
SWC Registry	Vulnerability database	<a href="https://swcregistry.io/">https://swcregistry.io/</a>
Solidity Metrics	Static Analysis	<a href="https://github.com/ConsenSys/solidity-metrics">https://github.com/ConsenSys/solidity-metrics</a>

## 6. General Audit Goals

We audit the code in accordance with the following criteria:

### **Sound Architecture**

This audit includes assessments of the overall architecture and design choices. Given the subjective nature of these assessments, it will be up to the development team to determine whether any changes should be made.

### **Smart Contract and Rust Best Practices**

This audit will evaluate whether the codebase follows the current established best practices for smart contract development.

### **Code Correctness**

This audit will evaluate whether the code does what it is intended to do.

### **Code Quality**

This audit will evaluate whether the code has been written in a way that ensures readability and maintainability.

### **Security**

This audit will look for any exploitable security vulnerabilities, or other potential threats to the users.

Although we have commented on the application design, issues of crypto-economics, game theory and suitability for business purposes as they relate to this project are beyond the scope of this audit.